

# Package ‘randcorr’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Generate a Random p x p Correlation Matrix

**Version** 1.0

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**Description** Implements the algorithm by Pourahmadi and Wang (2015) <[doi:10.1016/j.spl.2015.06.015](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.spl.2015.06.015)> for generating a random p x p correlation matrix. Briefly, the idea is to represent the correlation matrix using Cholesky factorization and p(p-1)/2 hyperspherical coordinates (i.e., angles), sample the angles from a particular distribution and then convert to the standard correlation matrix form. The angles are sampled from a distribution with pdf proportional to  $\sin^k(\theta)$  ( $0 < \theta < \pi$ ,  $k \geq 1$ ) using the efficient sampling algorithm described in Enes Makalic and Daniel F. Schmidt (2018) <[arXiv:1809.05212](https://arxiv.org/abs/1809.05212)>.

**License** GPL (>= 3)

**RxygenNote** 6.0.1

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Repository** CRAN

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randcorr-package      *The randcorr package*

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## Description

This package contains a function to generate a random  $p \times p$  correlation matrix. This function implements the algorithm by Pourahmadi and Wang [1] for generating a random  $p \times p$  correlation matrix. Briefly, the idea is to represent the correlation matrix using Cholesky factorization and  $p(p-1)/2$  hyperspherical coordinates (i.e., angles), sample the angles from a particular distribution and then convert to the standard correlation matrix form. The angles are sampled from a distribution with a probability density function proportional to  $\sin^k(\theta)$  ( $0 < \theta < \pi$ ,  $k \geq 1$ ) using the efficient sampling algorithm described in [2].

## Details

For usage, see the examples in [randcorr](#) and [randcorr.sample.sink](#).

## Note

To cite this package please reference:

Makalic, E. & Schmidt, D. F. An efficient algorithm for sampling from  $\sin^k(x)$  for generating random correlation matrices arXiv:1809.05212, 2018 <https://arxiv.org/abs/1809.05212>

A MATLAB-compatible implementation of the sampler in this package can be obtained from:

<https://au.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/68810-randcorr>

## Author(s)

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## References

[1] Mohsen Pourahmadi and Xiao Wang, Distribution of random correlation matrices: Hyperspherical parameterization of the Cholesky factor, Statistics & Probability Letters, Volume 106, Pages 5-12, 2015.

[2] Enes Makalic and Daniel F. Schmidt An efficient algorithm for sampling from  $\sin^k(x)$  for generating random correlation matrices, arXiv:1809.05212, 2018.

## See Also

[randcorr](#), [randcorr.sample.sink](#)

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randcorr	<i>Generate a random p x p correlation matrix</i>
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## Description

Generate a random  $p \times p$  correlation matrix

## Usage

```
randcorr(p)
```

## Arguments

$p$  A scalar positive integer denoting the size of the correlation matrix

## Value

A random  $p \times p$  correlation matrix

## Details

This function implements the algorithm by Pourahmadi and Wang [1] for generating a random  $p \times p$  correlation matrix. Briefly, the idea is to represent the correlation matrix using Cholesky factorization and  $p(p-1)/2$  hyperspherical coordinates (i.e., angles), sample the angles from a particular distribution and then convert to the standard correlation matrix form. The angles are sampled from a distribution with probability density function  $\sin^k(\theta)$  ( $0 < \theta < \pi$ ,  $k \geq 1$ ) using the efficient sampling algorithm described in [2].

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## References

[1] Mohsen Pourahmadi and Xiao Wang, Distribution of random correlation matrices: Hyperspherical parameterization of the Cholesky factor, Statistics & Probability Letters, Volume 106, Pages 5-12, 2015.

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## See Also

[randcorr.sample.sink](#)

## Examples

```
# -----
# Example 1: Generate a 5x5 correlation matrix
C = randcorr(5)

# Example 2: Generate a 1000x1000 correlation matrix
C = randcorr(1000)
```

**randcorr.sample.sink**    *Sample from the (unnormalized) distribution sin(x)^k, 0 < x < pi, k >= 1*

## Description

Sample from the (unnormalized) distribution  $\sin(x)^k$ ,  $0 < x < \pi$ ,  $k \geq 1$

## Usage

```
randcorr.sample.sink(k)
```

## Arguments

**k**                  The  $k$  parameter of the distribution. If this is a vector, the function draws a random variate for every entry in  $k$ .

## Value

A vector of samples with length equal to the length of  $k$

## Details

This code generates samples from the  $\sin(x)^k$  distribution using the specified vector  $k$ .

## References

Enes Makalic and Daniel F. Schmidt An efficient algorithm for sampling from  $\sin^k(x)$  for generating random correlation matrices, arXiv:1809.05212, 2018.

## See Also

[randcorr](#)

**Examples**

```
# -----
# Example 1: Draw a random variate from sin(x), 0<x<pi
x = randcorr.sample.sink(1)

# Example 2: Draw a million random variate from sin^3(x), 0<x<pi
x = randcorr.sample.sink( matrix(3, 1e6,1) )
mean(x)
var(x)
```

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