## Package 'cdlei'

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Author Peter Adamic, Alicja Wolny-Dominiak
Maintainer Alicja Wolny-Dominiak <woali@ue.katowice.pl></woali@ue.katowice.pl>
<b>Description</b> The concept of cause-deleted life expectancy improvement is statistic designed to quantify the increase in life expectancy if a certain cause of death is removed. See Adamic, P. (2015) ( <https: papers.cfm?abstract_id="2689352" papers.ssrn.com="" sol3="">).</https:>
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### **R** topics documented:

lifeData	4
Fk	3
cdlei	2
cdlei-package	2

Index

cdlei-package

2

#### Description

The concept of cause-deleted life expectancy improvement is statistic designed to quantify the increase inlife expectancy if a certain cause of death is removed.

#### Author(s)

Peter Adamic, Alicja Wolny-Dominiak Maintainer: <alicja.wolny-dominiak@ue.katowice.pl>

#### References

1. Adamic, P. (2015). Life Expectancy Improvement with a Curve Distribution for a cause of death, Australian Journal of Actuarial Practice, 3, 59-70.

2. Adamic, P. (2008). Cause-deleted life expectancy improvement in the presence of left and right censoring. Belgian Actuarial Bulletin, 8: 17-21.

3. Brown, R.L. (1997). Introduction to the Mathematics of Demography, 3rd ed, Winsted, Connecticut: Actex.

cdlei	<i>The life expectancy improvement with a cure distribution for a cause</i>
	of death.

#### Description

In may circumstances, to increase in life expectancy when a certain cause of death is eliminated is sought, but this is usually done by taking the cause out of consideration fully, which is unrealistic. Here, we incorporate a probability distribution for the cure of the cause over time, to more accurately predict the increase in life expectancy at each age.

#### Usage

cdlei(age, qtau, qhiv, k, d)

#### Arguments

age	age
qtau	vector of probabilities of death by all causes at each age
qhiv	vector of probabilities of death by HIV at each age
k	cure probability parameter
d	index

#### Value

cdlei	cause-deleted life expectancy
qx	probability of deatch at age x
рх	probability of survival at age x
tpx	probability an x year old survives to age x+t
sumtpx	sum of tpx
Fk	probability of curve
рхх	probability of survival at age x, using cure probability
tpxx	probability of sirviving t years after age x, using cure probability
sumtpxx	cumulative sum of tpx
df	data frame

#### Author(s)

Peter Adamic, Alicja Wolny-Dominiak

#### References

1. Adamic, P. (2015). Life Expectancy Improvement with a Curve Distribution for a cause of death, Australian Journal of Actuarial Practice, 3, 59-70.

2. Adamic, P. (2008). Cause-deleted life expectancy improvement in the presence of left and right censoring. Belgian Actuarial Bulletin, 8: 17-21.

3. Brown, R.L. (1997). Introduction to the Mathematics of Demography, 3rd ed, Winsted, Connecticut: Actex.

#### Examples

```
data(lifeData)
res <- cdlei(lifeData$age, lifeData$qtau, lifeData$qhiv, 0.02, 100000)
str(res)
res$cdlei</pre>
```

Fk

Curve Probability function

#### Description

A simple discrete-time function accounting for the probability that HIV will be cured by time t. Assume the curve function begins at age 0.

#### Usage

Fk(age, k)

lifeData

#### Arguments

age	age of person
k	cure probability parameter

#### Value

Fk	curve probability	function
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#### Author(s)

Peter Adamic, Alicja Wolny-Dominiak

#### References

 Adamic, P. (2008). Cause-deleted life expectancy improvement in the presence of left and right censoring. Belgian Actuarial Bulletin, 8: 17-21.
 Brown, R.L. (1997). Introduction to the Mathematics of Demography, 3rd ed, Winsted, Connecticut: Actex.

#### Examples

```
data(lifeData)
Fk(lifeData$age, 0.02)
```

lifeData

HIV-related deaths from Colorado, USA, between 2000-2012.

#### Description

Input data matrix consists of the probabilities of death from all causes, and by HIV only, for ages 0 to 103 (inclusive).

#### Usage

data("lifeData")

#### Format

A data frame with 104 observations on the following 3 variables.

age a numeric vector

qtau a numeric vector

qhiv a numeric vector

#### Source

Data source: Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment.

4

lifeData

### Examples

data(lifeData) str(lifeData)

# Index

cdlei,2 cdlei-package,2

Fk, 3

lifeData,4